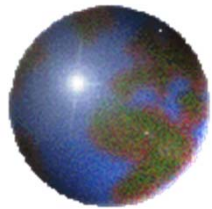
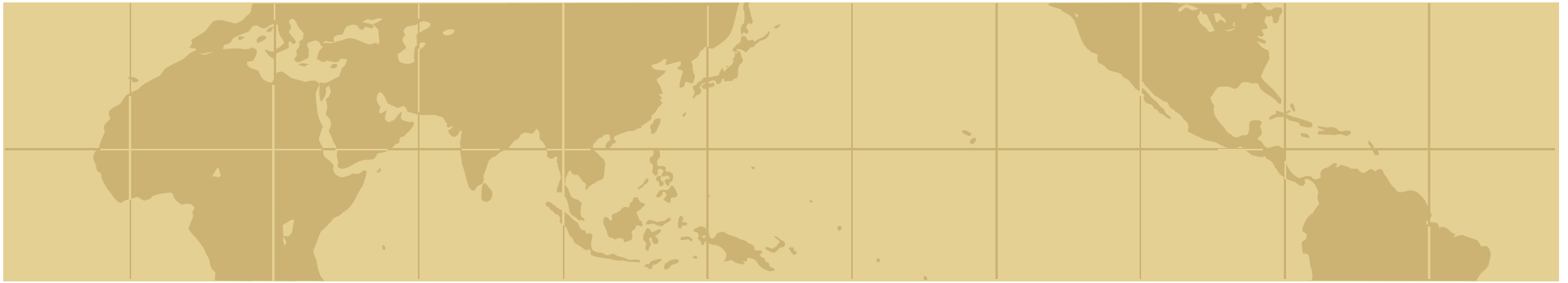


第2回(平成25年度第2回)CRCフォーラム(平成25年10月17日(木)開催)
「表面に機能を与える高付加価値製造技術」

微細加工による表面機能の制御

松村 隆 教授
工学部機械工学科

TDU
東京電機大学

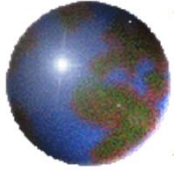


微細加工による表面機能の制御

東京電機大学 CRCフォーラム

平成25 年10月17日

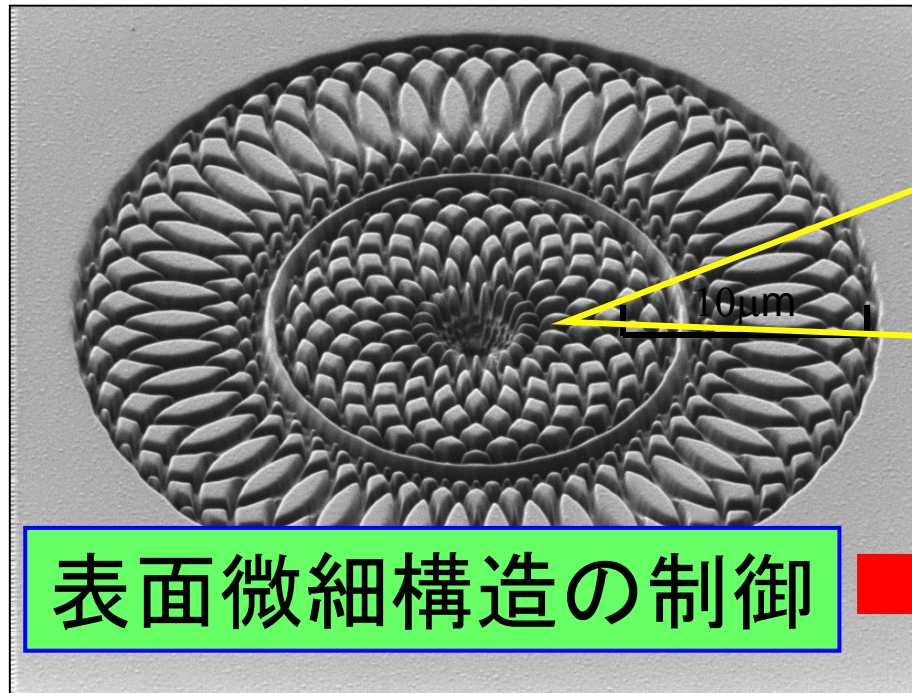
東京電機大学 松村 隆



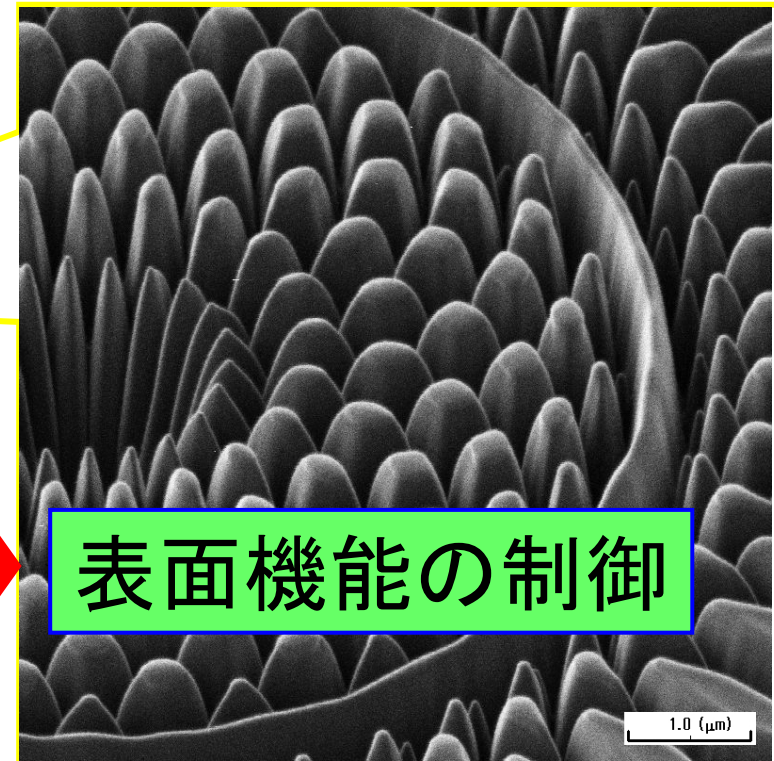
機能統合表面

傾斜機能表面

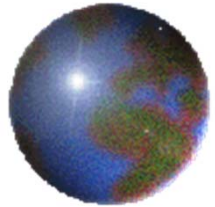
エンジニアリング・サーフェース



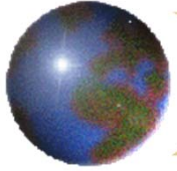
表面微細構造の制御



表面機能の制御

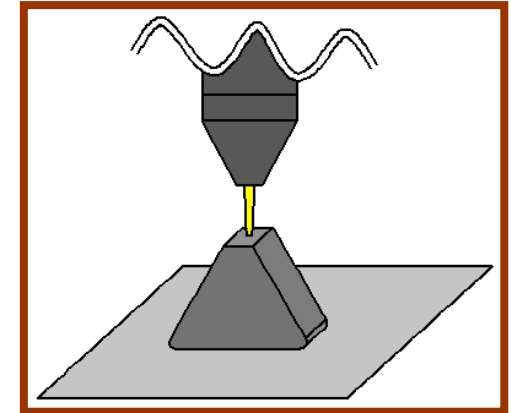


マイクロ金型による微細構造加工



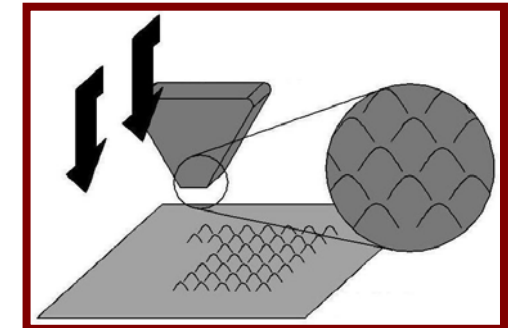
STEP 1

- FIB (集束イオンビーム) により, 工具先端に微細構造をもつストラクチャ工具を製作する.



STEP 2

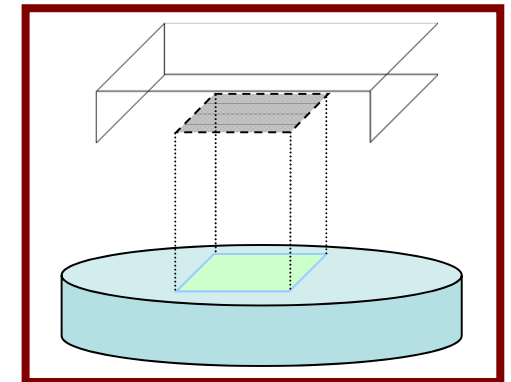
- ストラクチャ工具をNC制御によって金属板に押し込み, プラスチック金型を成形する.



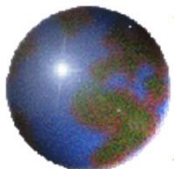
押し込み加工

STEP 3

- プラスチック金型を用いて微細構造をプラスチック表面に転写する.



ストラクチャ転写



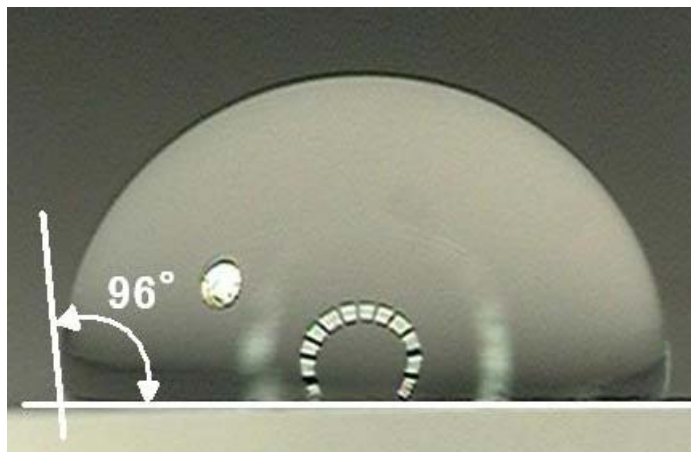
撥水性・ぬれ性の評価

TDU

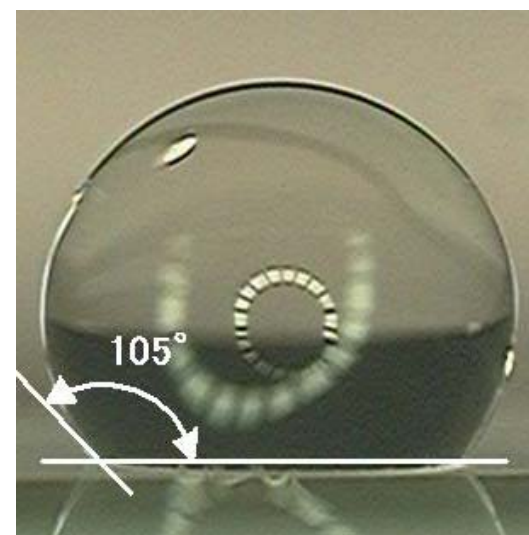
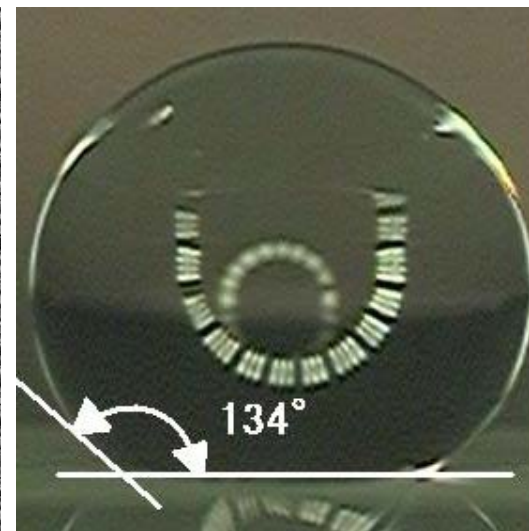
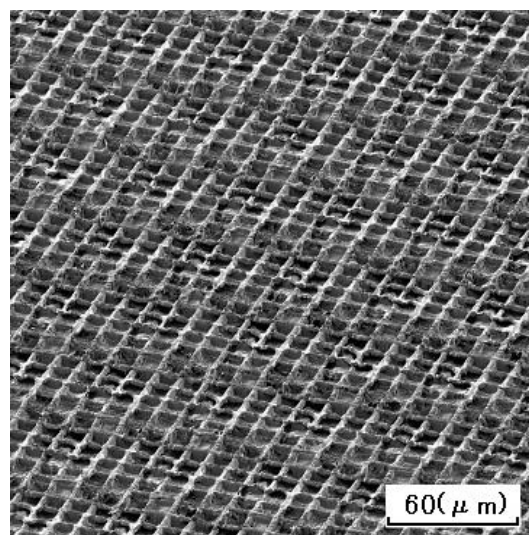
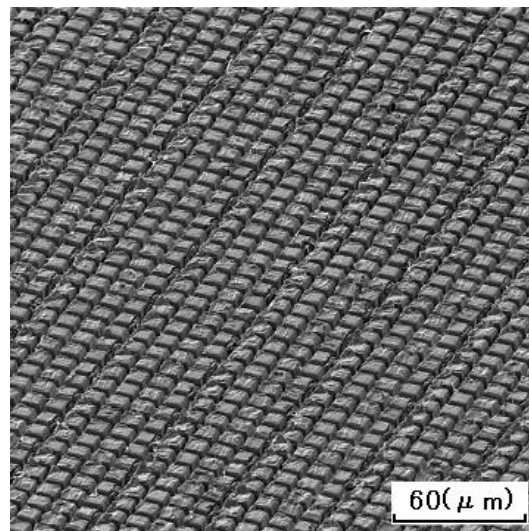
Tokyo Denki University
Department of Mechanical Engineering
Production Engineering &
Intelligent Manufacturing System Lab.

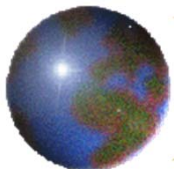


PE&IMS Lab.



ポリエステル表面接触角：
96°

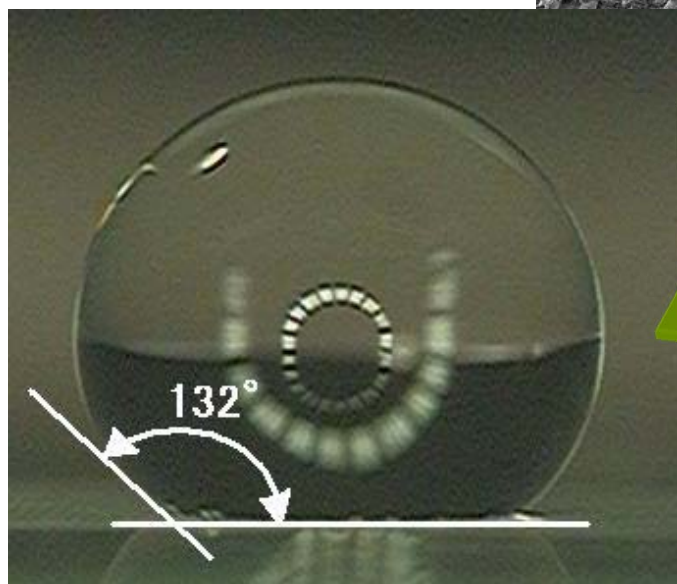
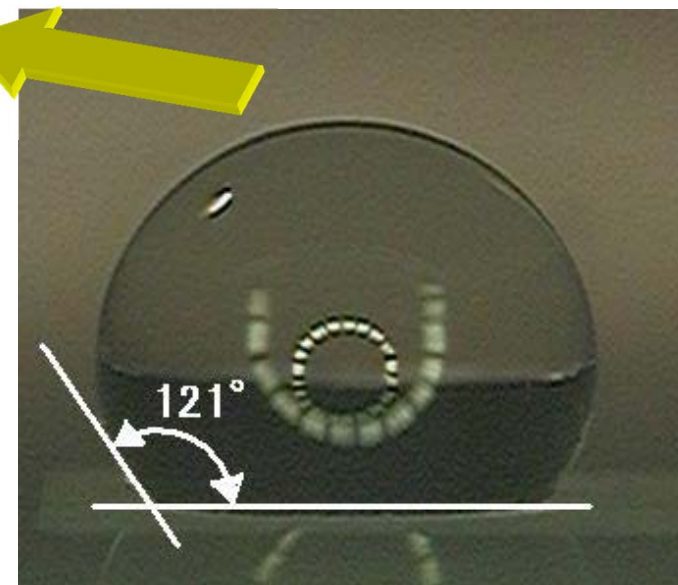
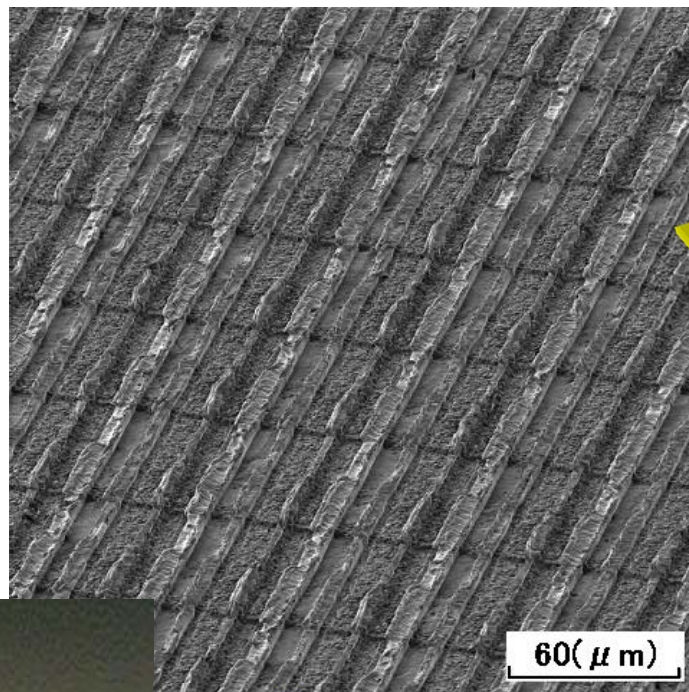


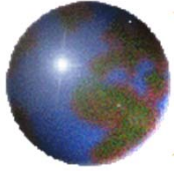


縞状突起ストラクチャ表面 における撥水の異方性

TDU

Tokyo Denki University
Department of Mechanical Engineering
Production Engineering &
Intelligent Manufacturing System Lab.

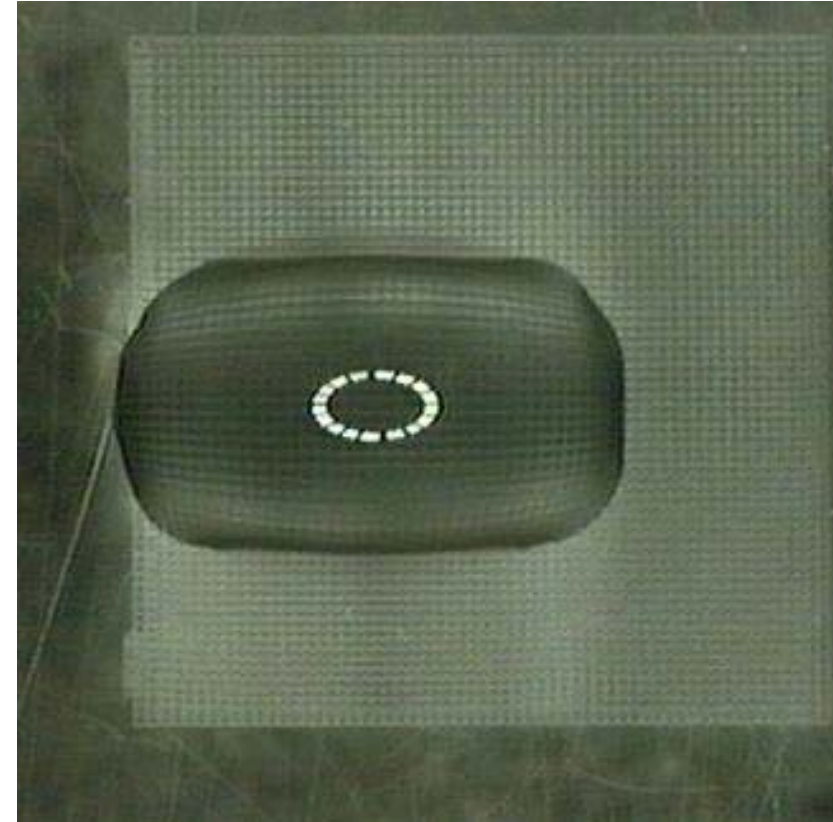
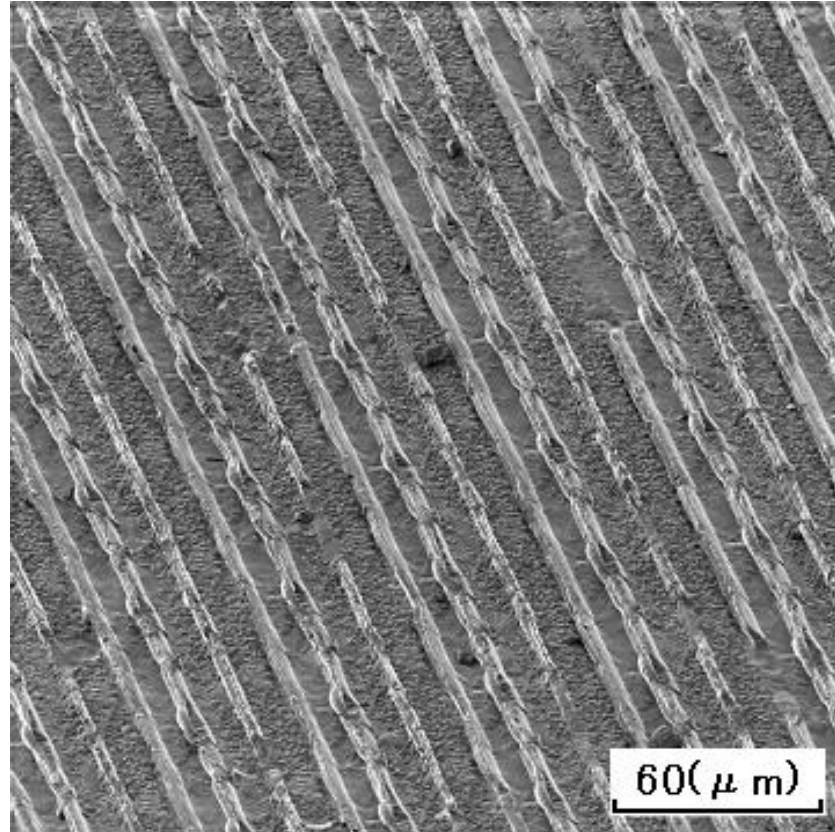


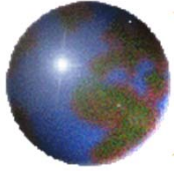


丸い水滴を四角くする ???

TDU

Tokyo Denki University
Department of Mechanical Engineering
Production Engineering &
Intelligent Manufacturing System Lab.

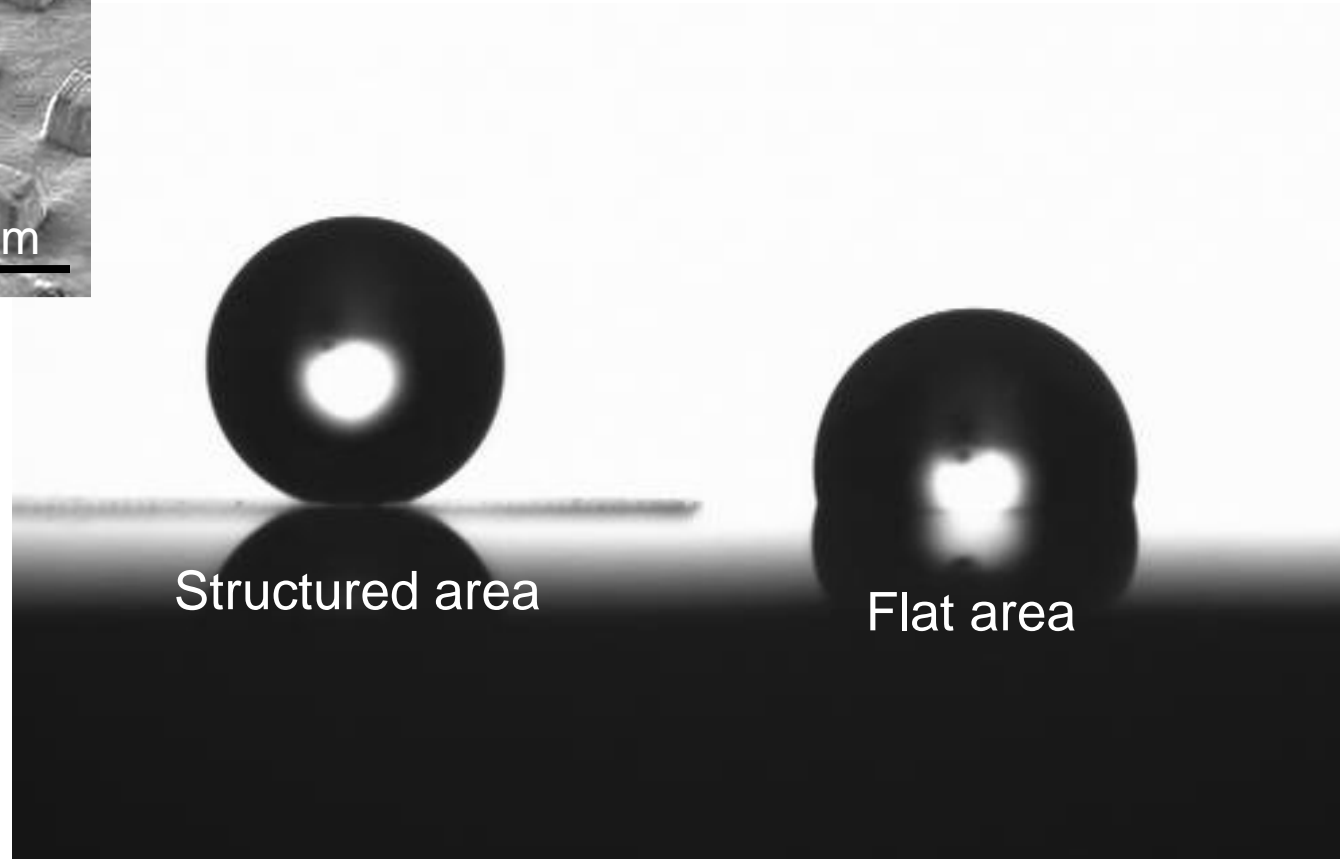
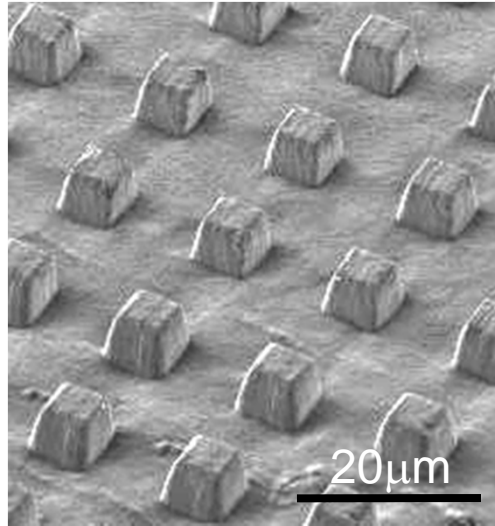


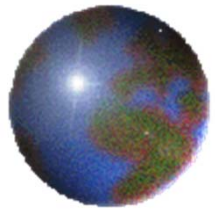


微細構造で超撥水

TDU

Tokyo Denki University
Department of Mechanical Engineering
Production Engineering &
Intelligent Manufacturing System Lab.





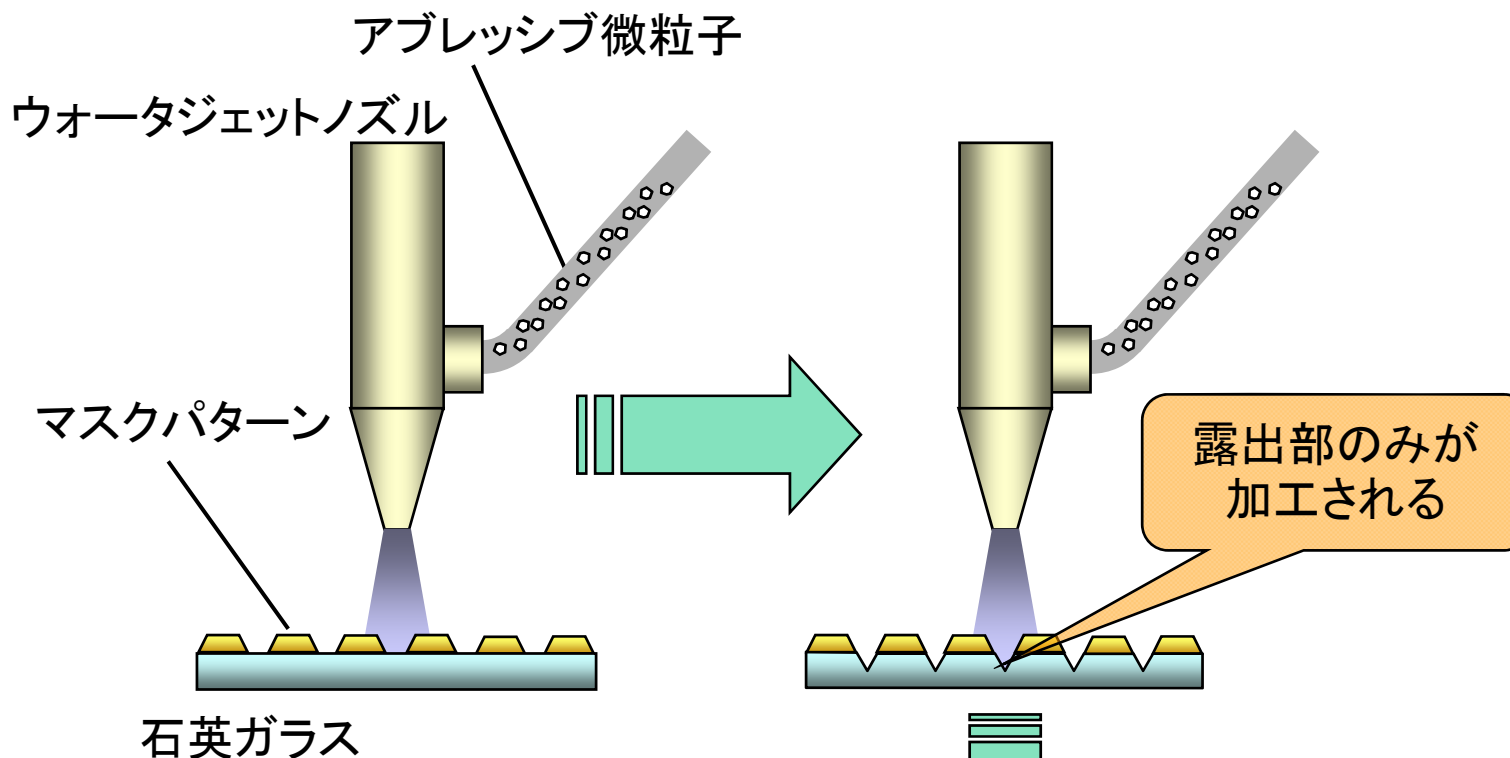
ウォータージェットによる ガラスの微細加工



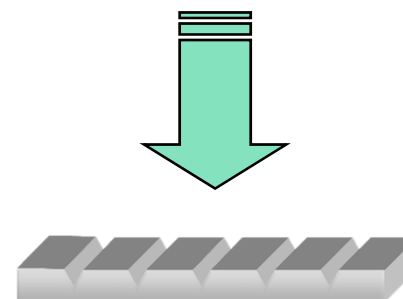
加工原理

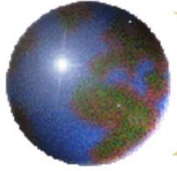
TDU

Tokyo Denki University
Department of Mechanical Engineering
Production Engineering &
Intelligent Manufacturing System Lab.



材質	石英
試験片厚さ	1mm
加工溝幅	20 μ m
加工溝深さ	1~3 μ m





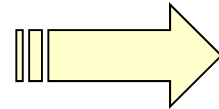
Abrasive water jet による ガラス加工のポイント

TDU

Tokyo Denki University
Department of Mechanical Engineering
Production Engineering &
Intelligent Manufacturing System Lab.

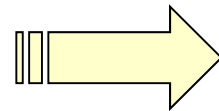


◆脆性損傷のない加工

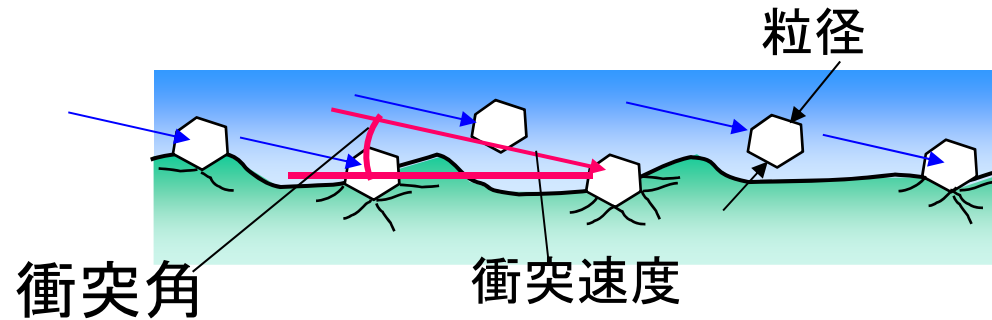


粒子の粒径・衝突角を小さくする

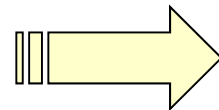
◆高能率加工



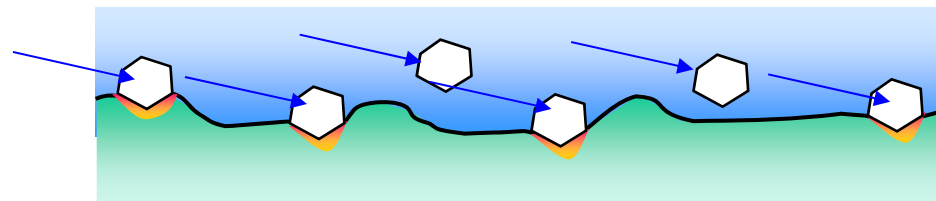
衝突速度を大きくする

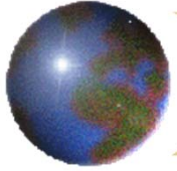


◆高能率平滑化



化学的作用の利用

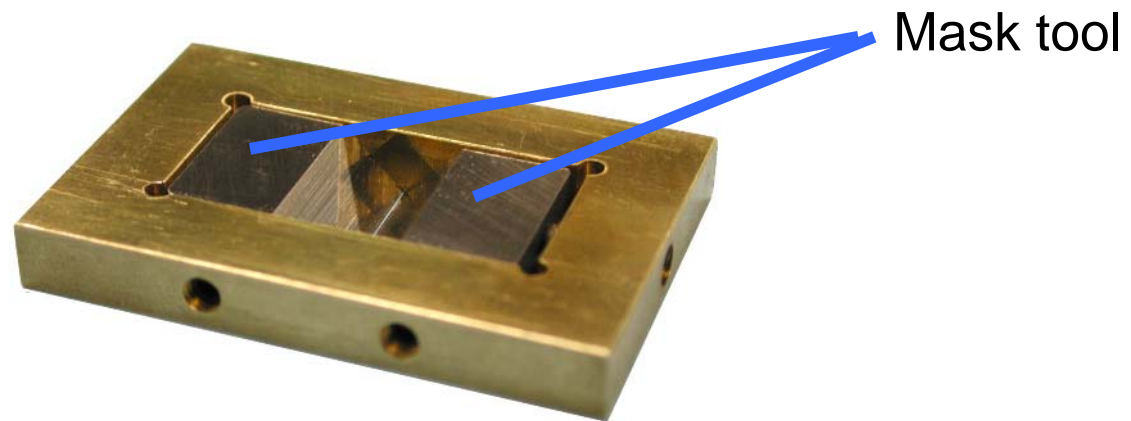
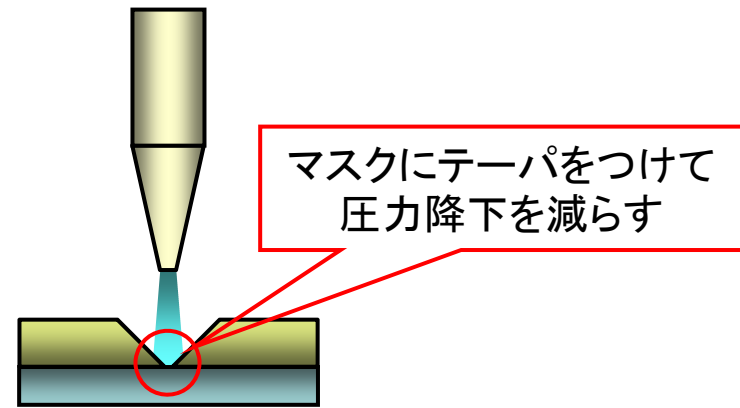
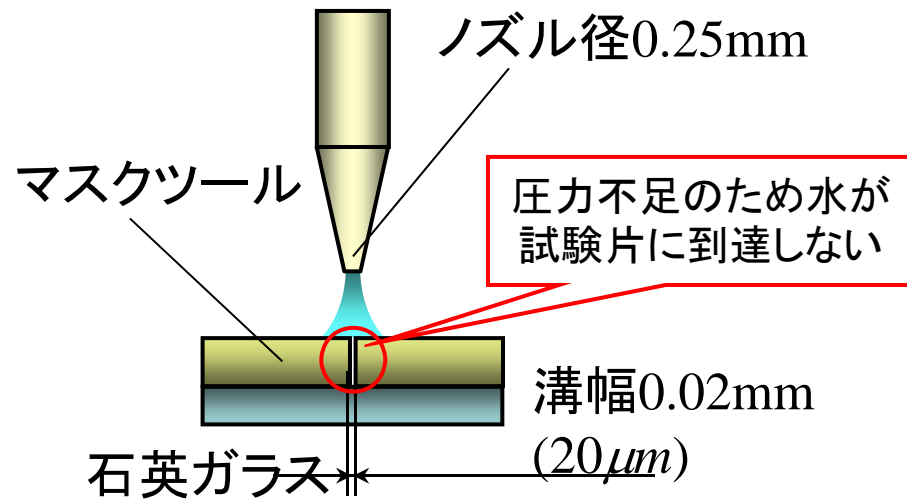


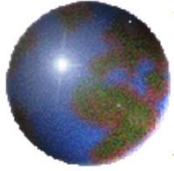


Mask tool

TDU

Tokyo Denki University
Department of Mechanical Engineering
Production Engineering &
Intelligent Manufacturing System Lab.

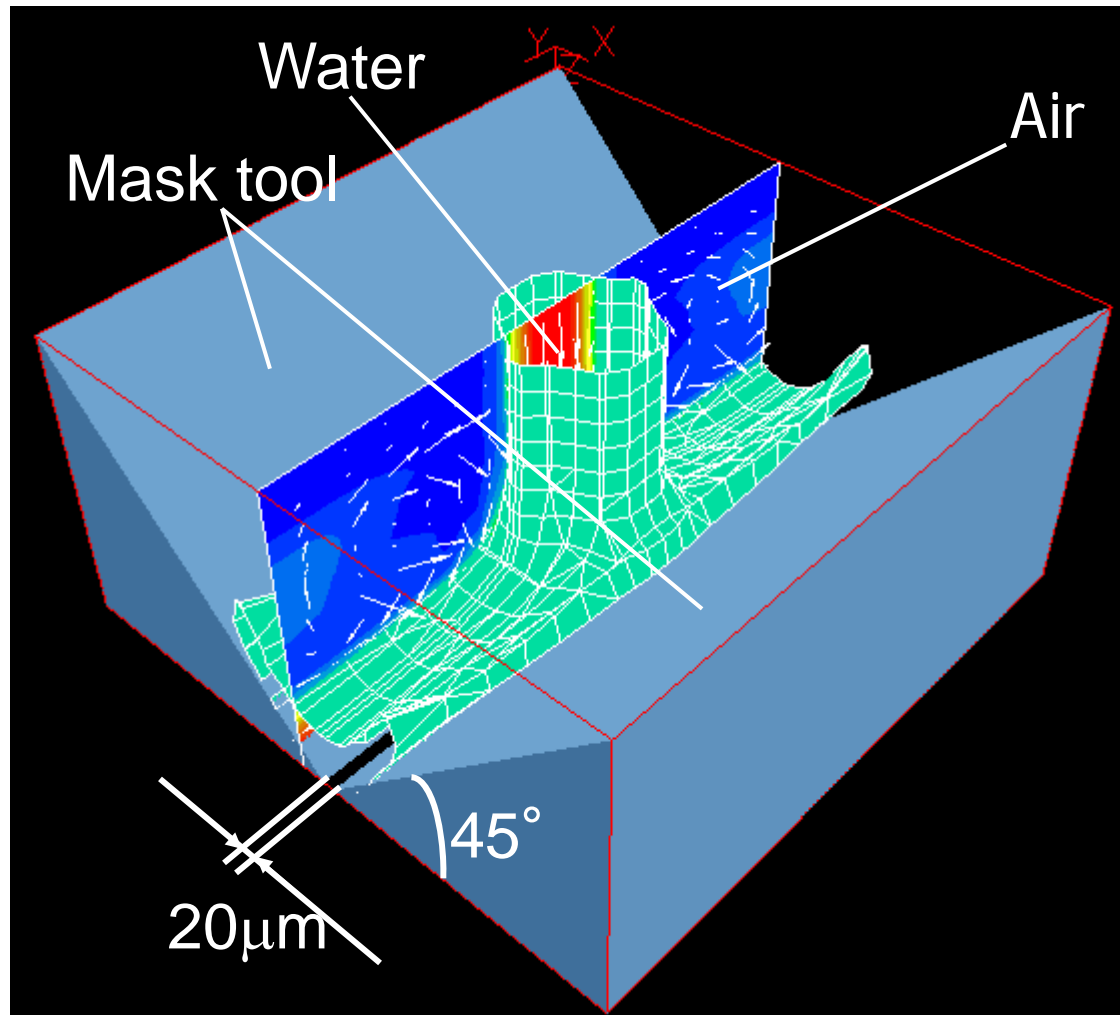




噴流直下の流れ

TDU

Tokyo Denki University
Department of Mechanical Engineering
Production Engineering &
Intelligent Manufacturing System Lab.

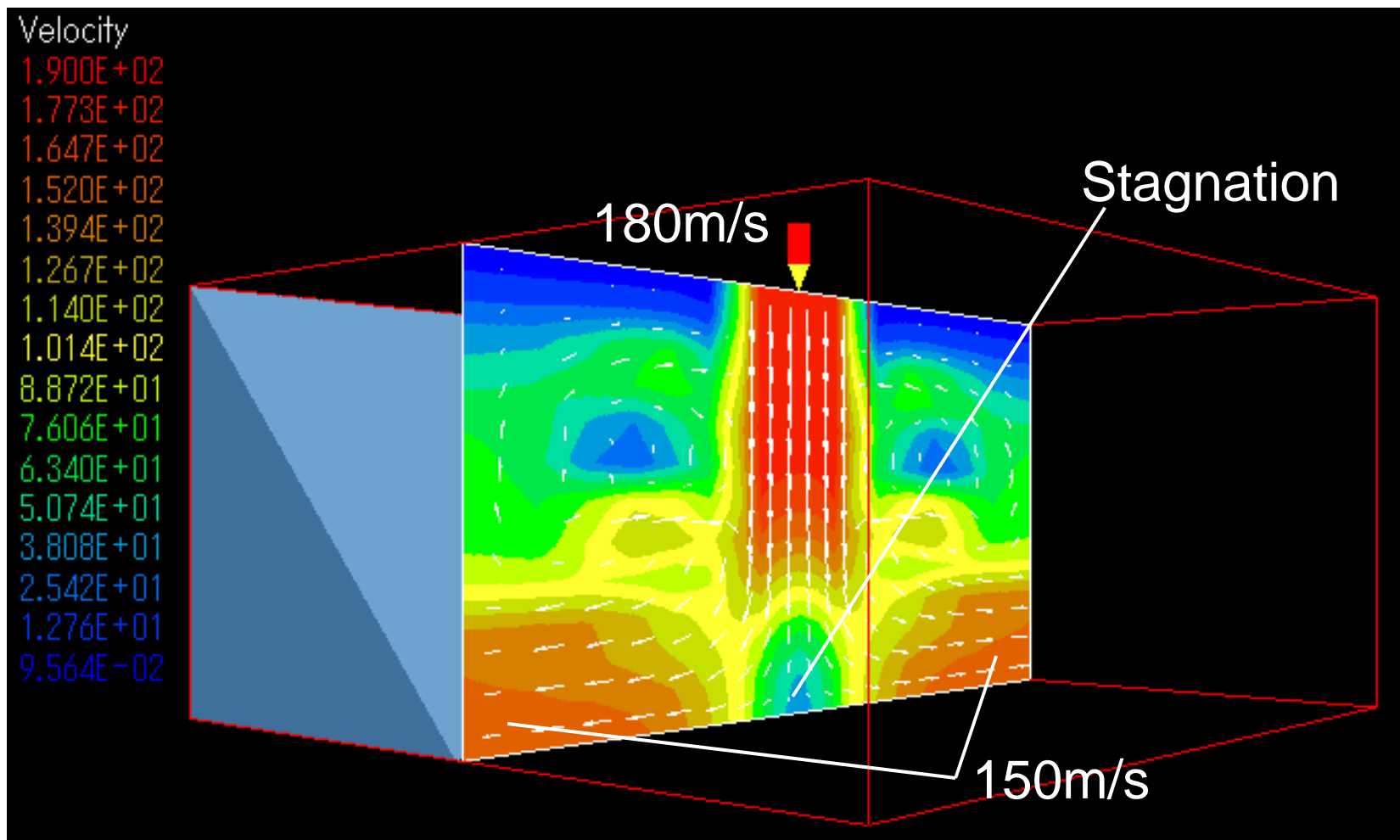


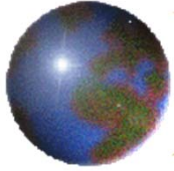


噴流の流れ場

TDU

Tokyo Denki University
Department of Mechanical Engineering
Production Engineering &
Intelligent Manufacturing System Lab.

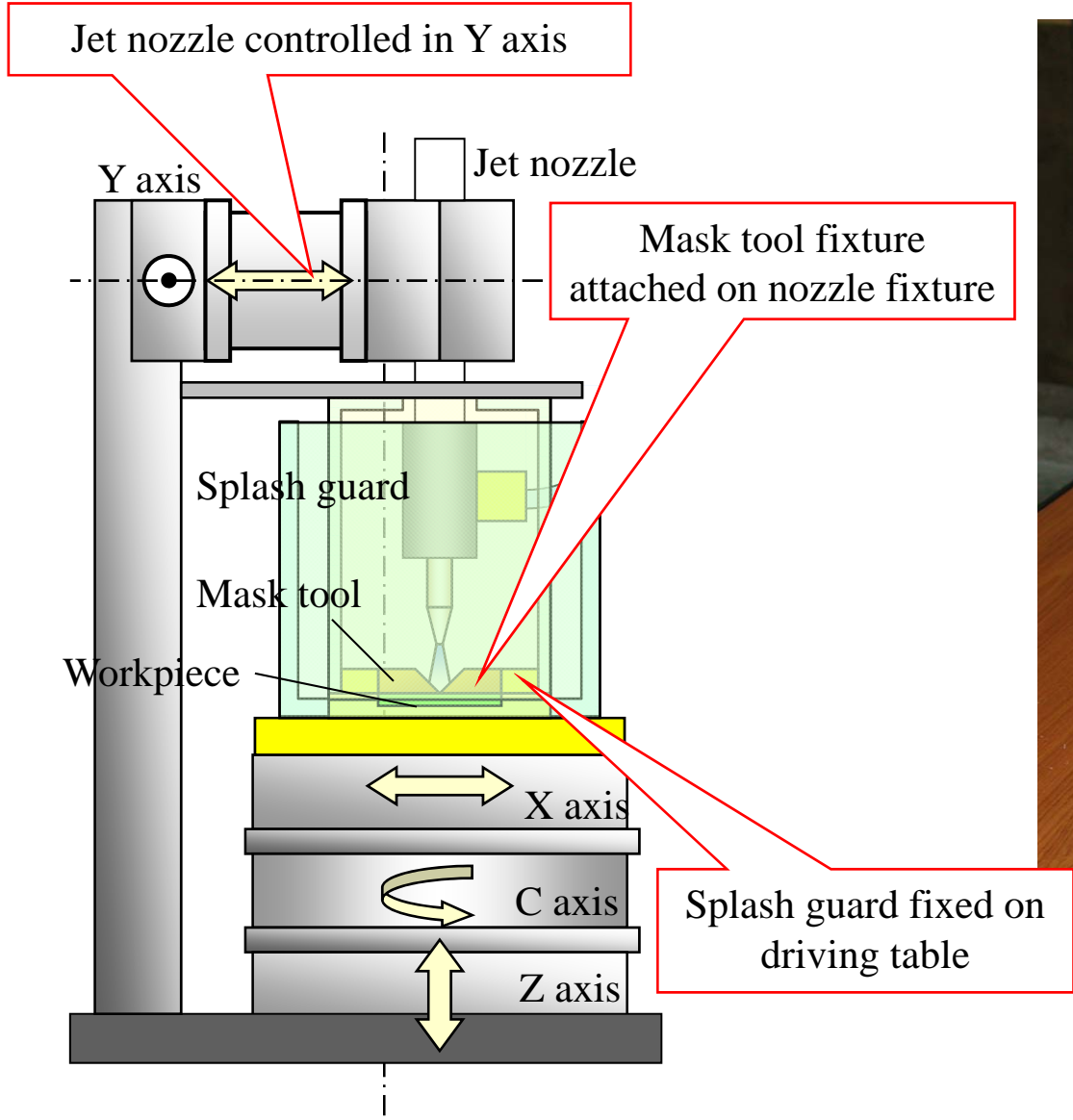


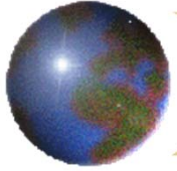


微細溝加工機

TDU

Tokyo Denki University
Department of Mechanical Engineering
Production Engineering &
Intelligent Manufacturing System Lab.





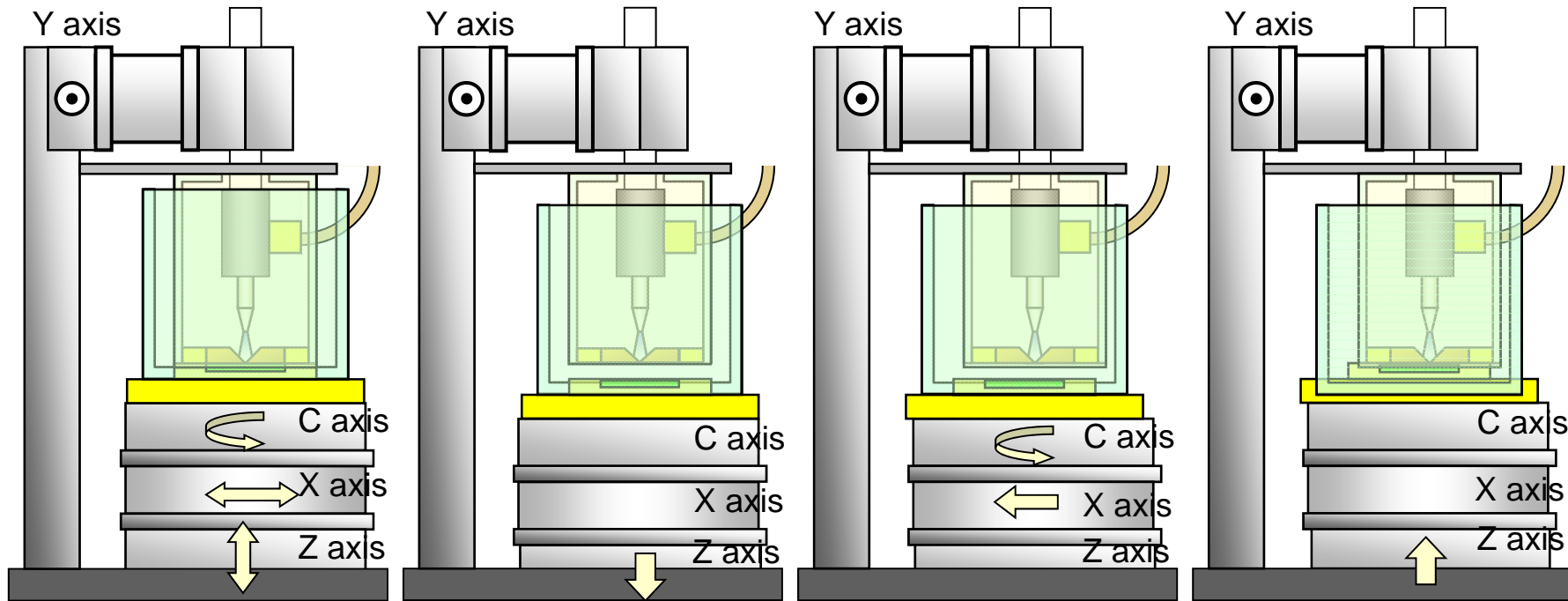
溝加工操作

TDU

Tokyo Denki University
Department of Mechanical Engineering
Production Engineering &
Intelligent Manufacturing System Lab.



PE&IMS Lab.

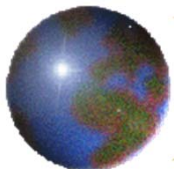


Original position
Controlled axis

Move down in Z axis

Move in X axis
Rotate in C axis

Move up in Z axis



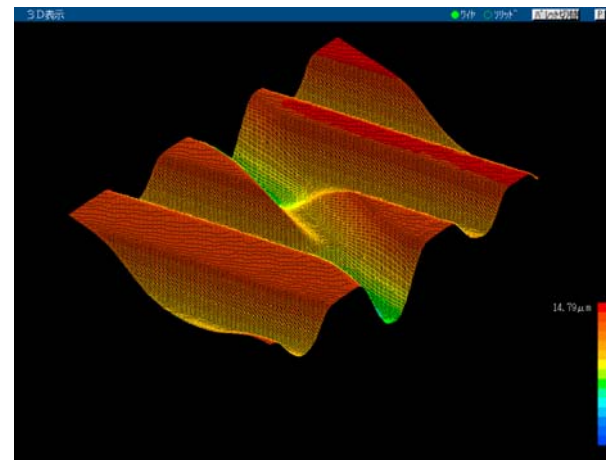
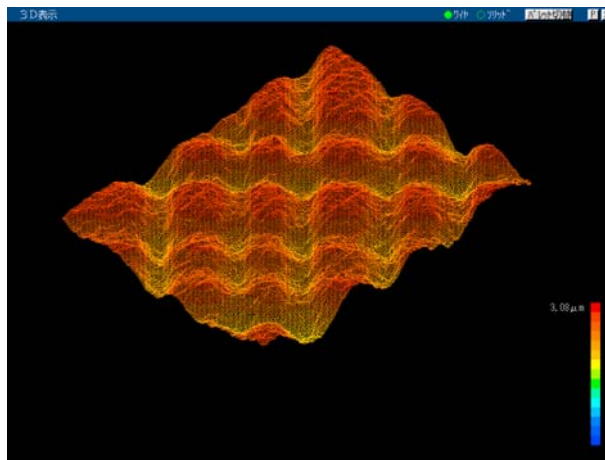
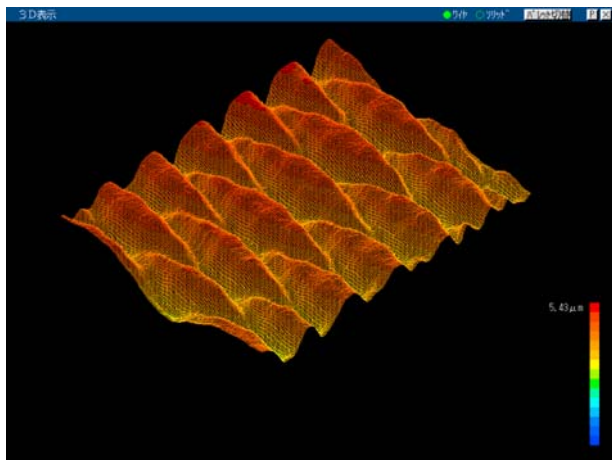
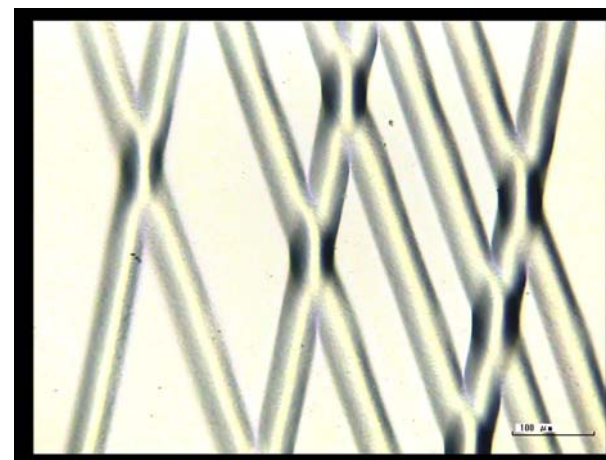
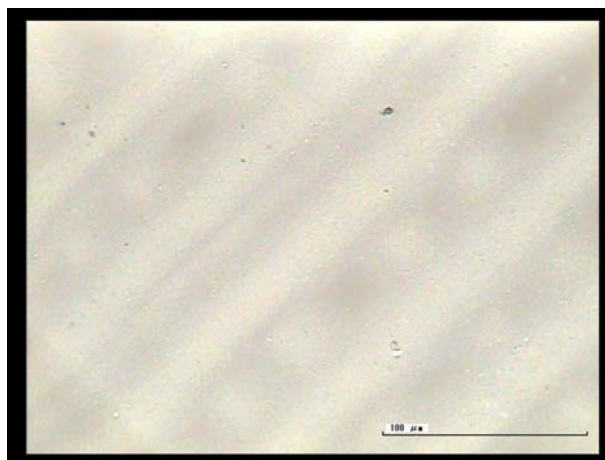
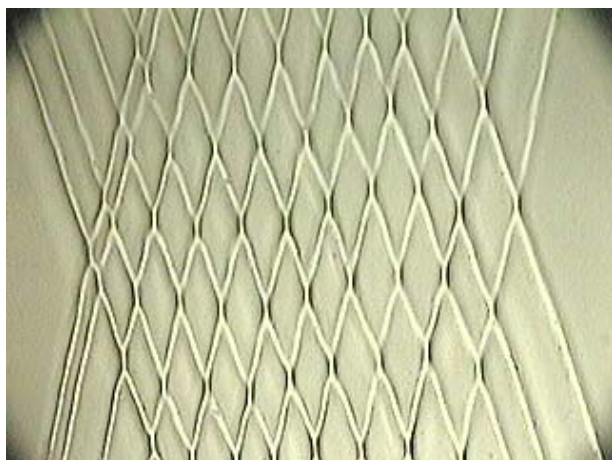
加工事例

TDU

Tokyo Denki University
Department of Mechanical Engineering
Production Engineering &
Intelligent Manufacturing System Lab.



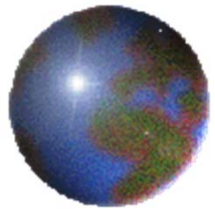
PE&IMS Lab.



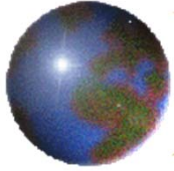
斜方格子
ガラス

正方格子
ガラス

斜方不等ピッチ格子
SiO₂



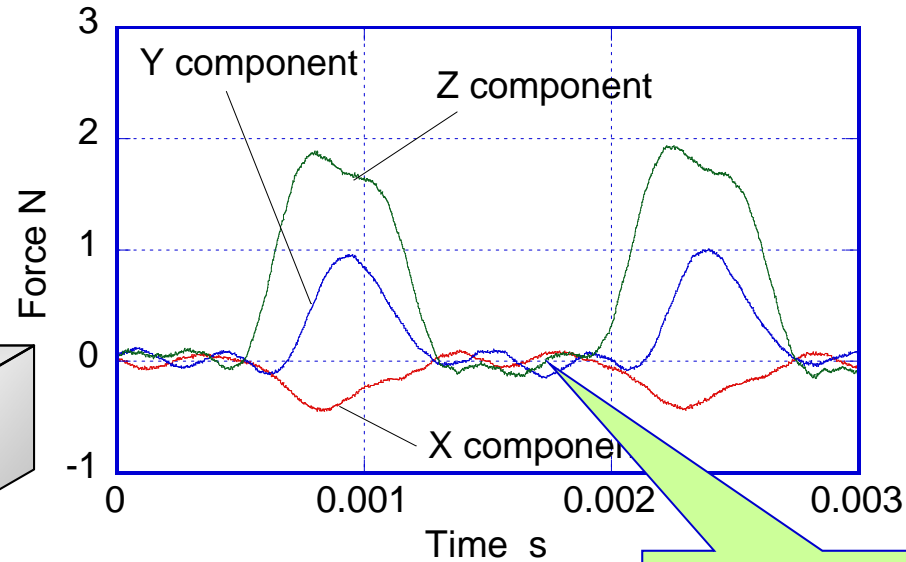
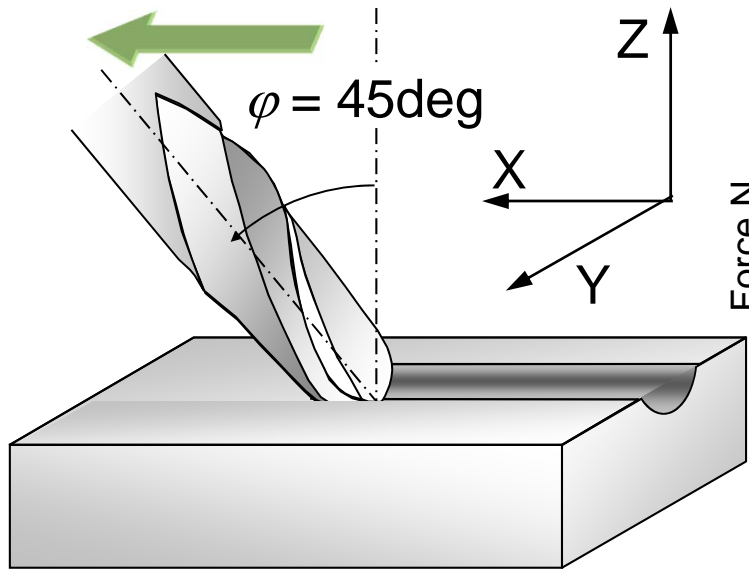
マイクロディンプルの高効率切削



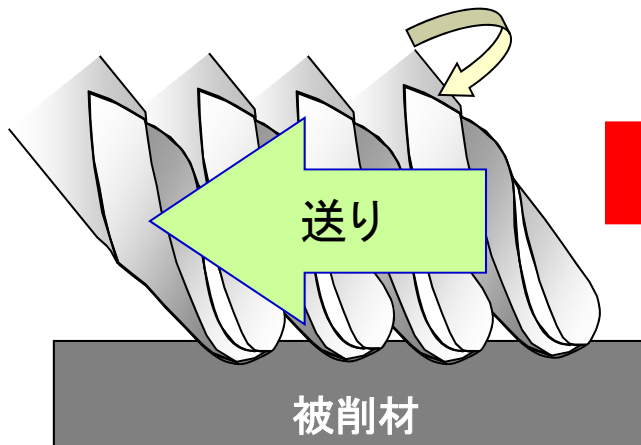
工具傾斜を伴う切削過程

TDU

Tokyo Denki University
Department of Mechanical Engineering
Production Engineering &
Intelligent Manufacturing System Lab.



比切削時間



送り速度を早くすると...

先行切れ刃の除去領域を削らない

周期的なマイクロディンプル加工



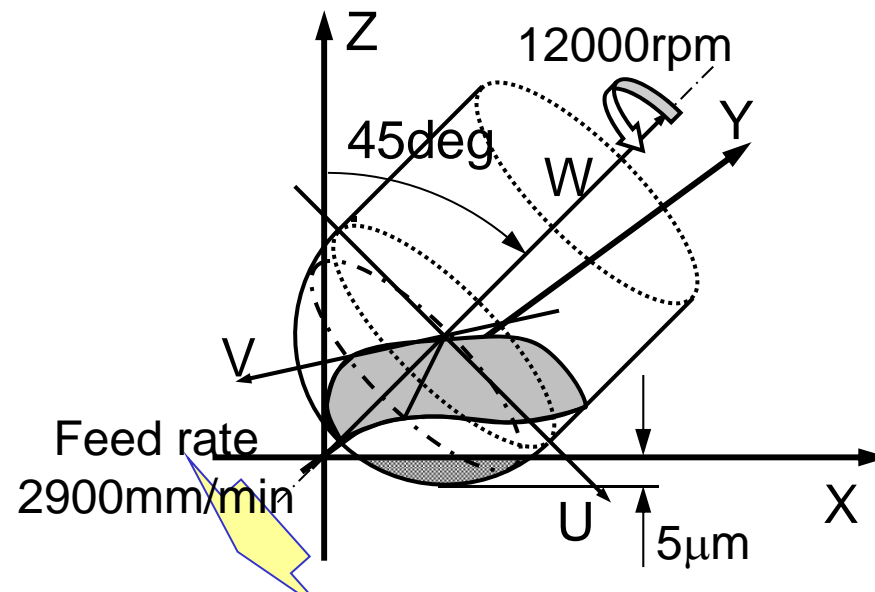
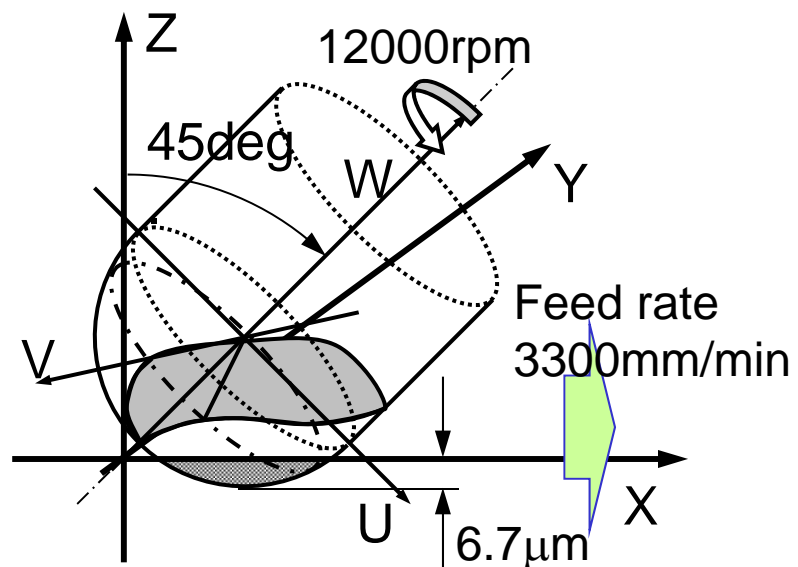
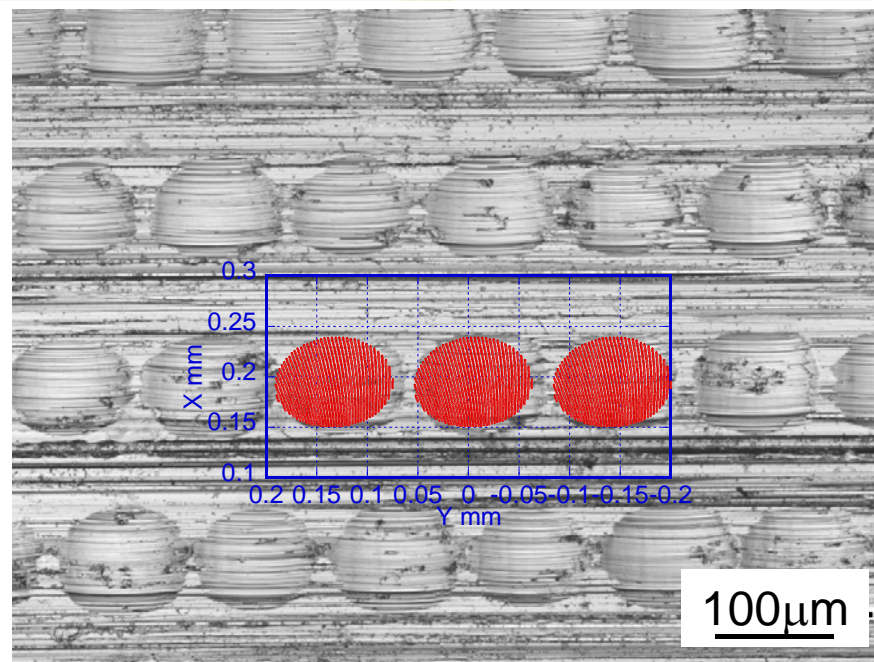
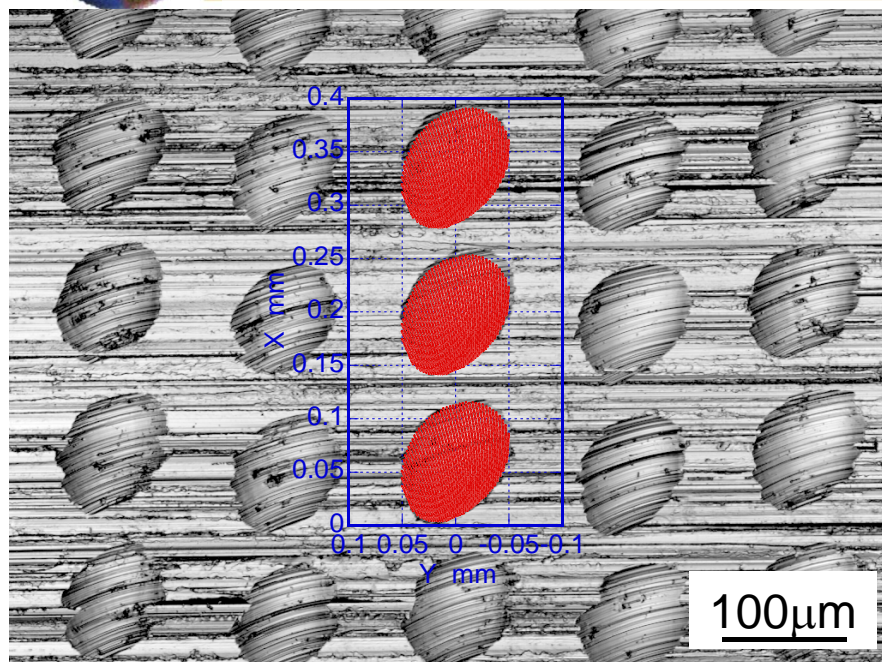
加工事例

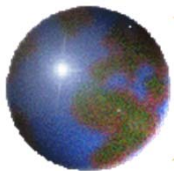
TDU

Tokyo Denki University
Department of Mechanical Engineering
Production Engineering &
Intelligent Manufacturing System Lab.



PE&IMS Lab.

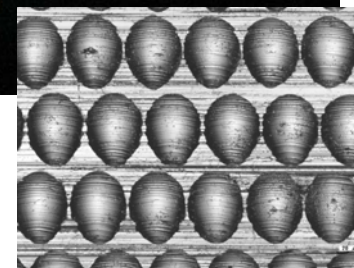
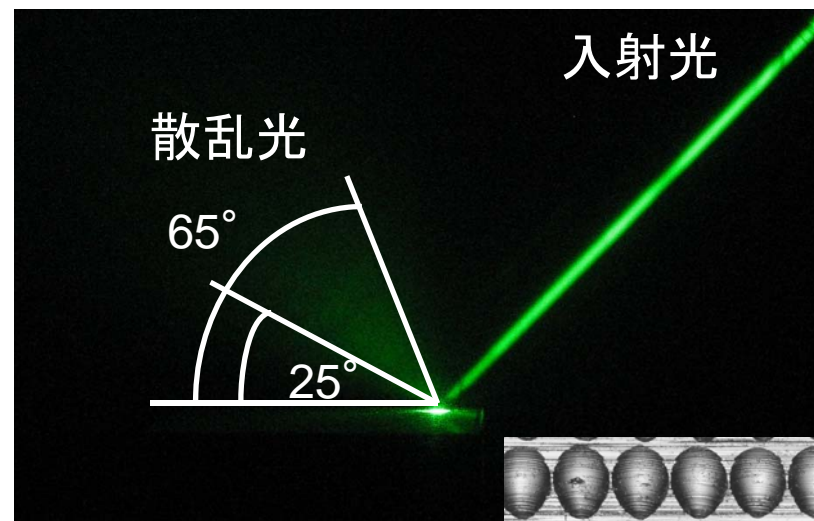
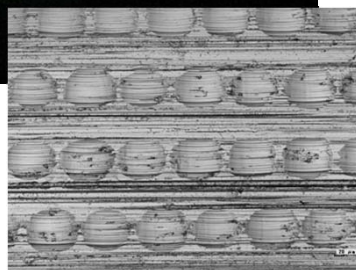
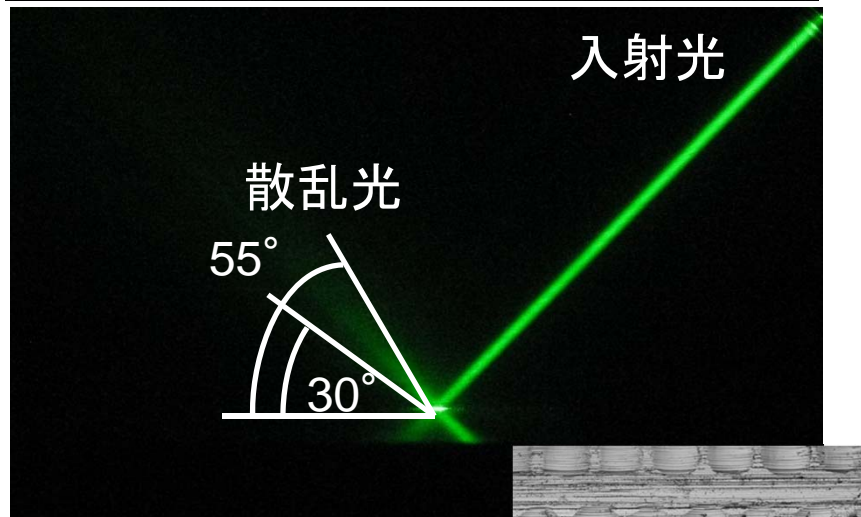
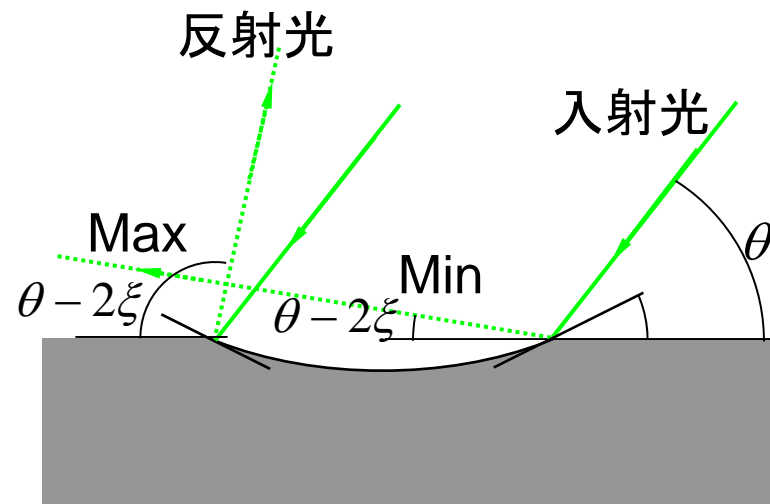
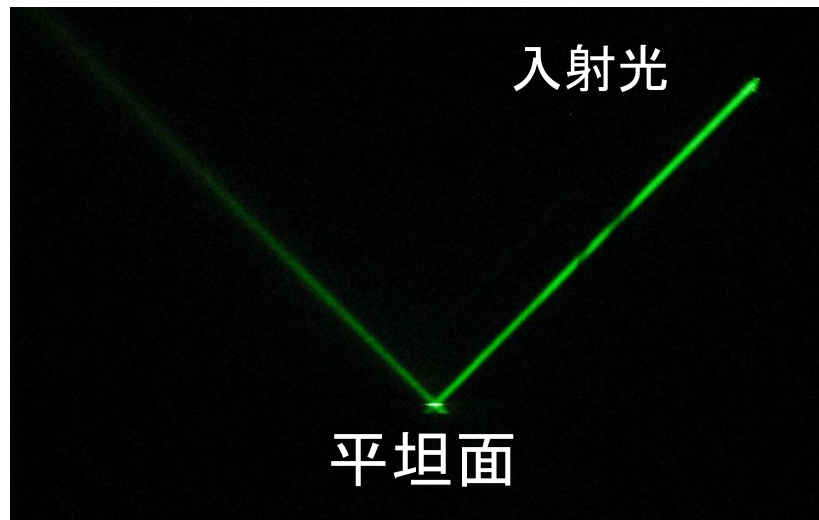


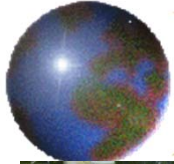


光学試験

TDU

Tokyo Denki University
Department of Mechanical Engineering
Production Engineering &
Intelligent Manufacturing System Lab.

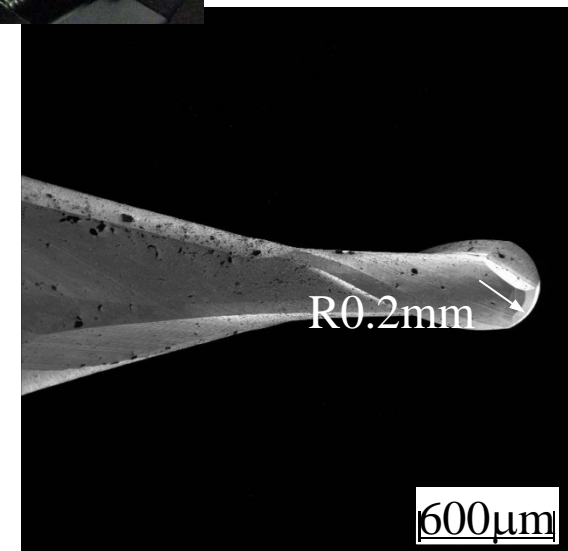
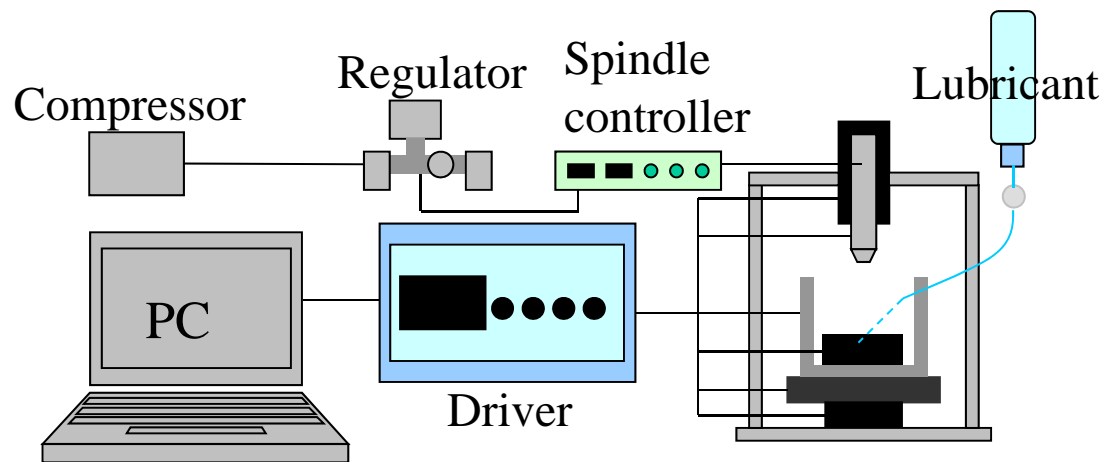
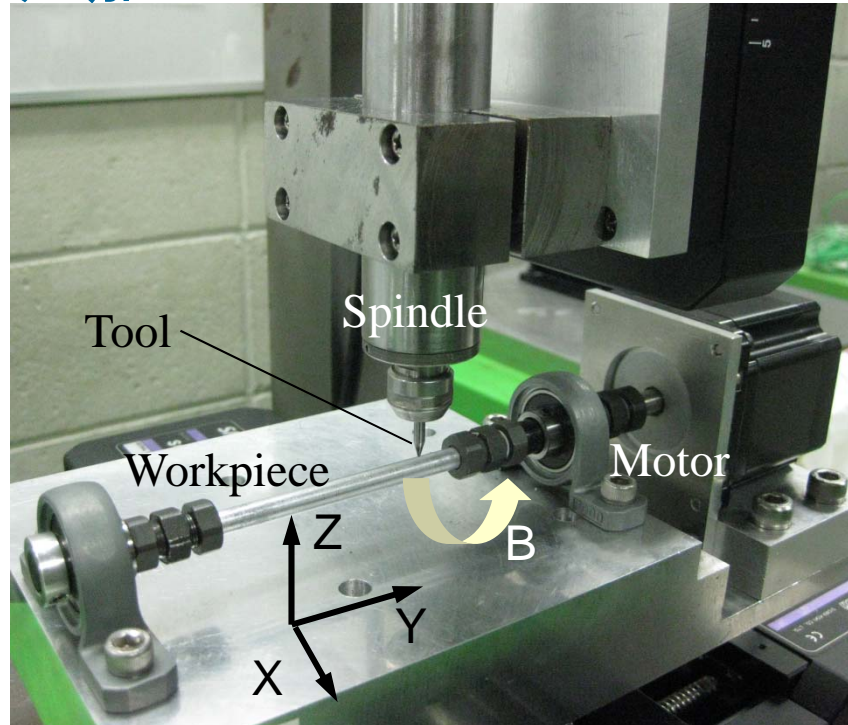
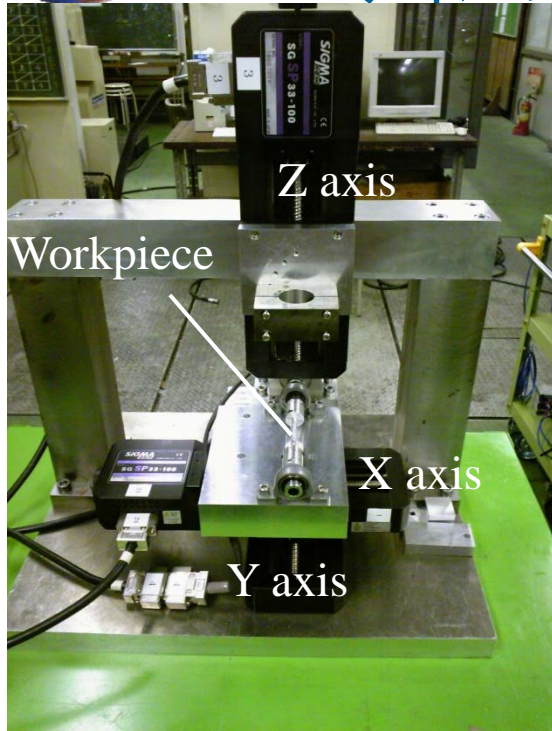


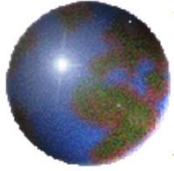


シリンダ表面への デンプル加工

TDU

Tokyo Denki University
Department of Mechanical Engineering
Production Engineering &
Intelligent Manufacturing System Lab.





加工事例

TDU

Tokyo Denki University
Department of Mechanical Engineering
Production Engineering &
Intelligent Manufacturing System Lab.



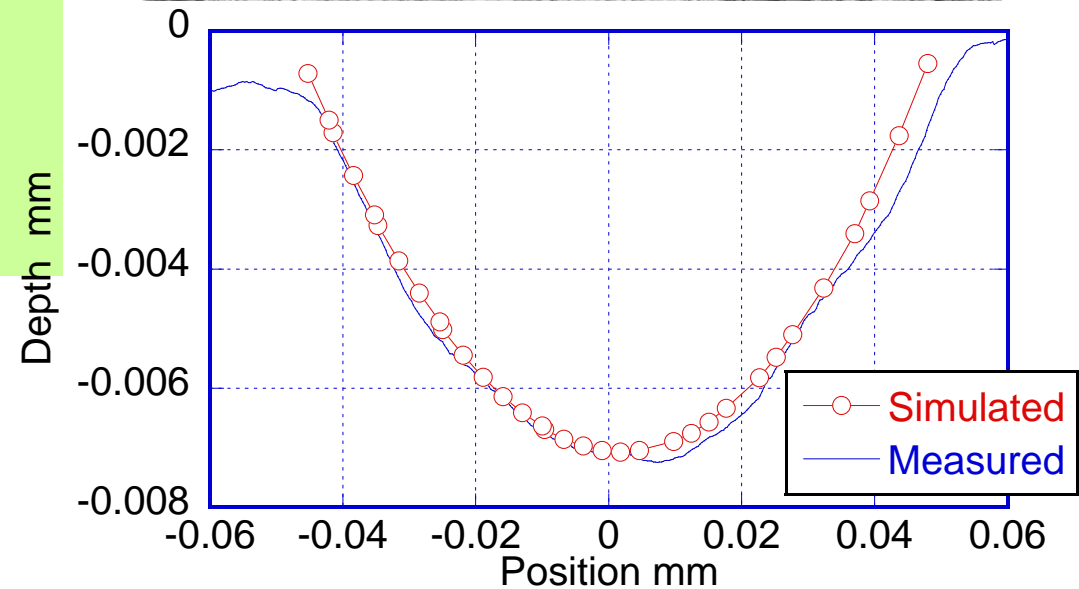
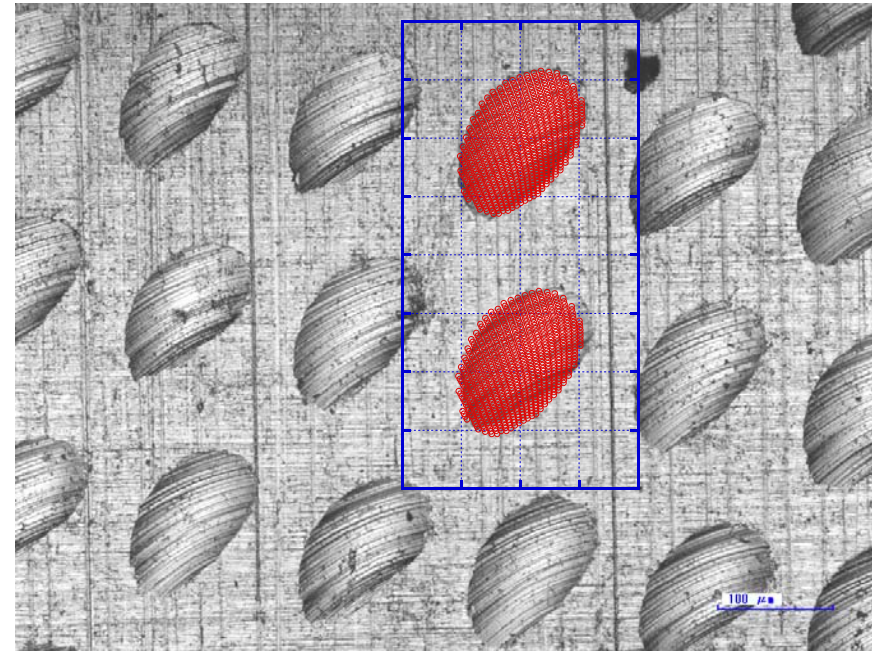
PE&IMS Lab.

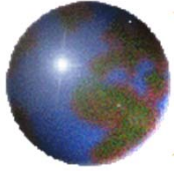
被削材: アルミ合金
直径: 6mm

工具: ボールエンドミル
直径: 0.4mm

工具回転数: 10,000rpm
被削材回転数: 200rpm

Y軸方向送り: $150\mu\text{m}/\text{rev}$
切込み: $7\mu\text{m}$





TDU

Tokyo Denki University
Department of Mechanical Engineering
Production Engineering &
Intelligent Manufacturing System Lab.



表面微細構造の機械加工

- ✪ マイクロ金型による微細構造加工
 - ✪ めれ性の制御
- ✪ ウォータージェットによるガラスの微細加工
 - ✪ フローサイトメトリー
- ✪ マイクロディンプルの高効率切削
 - ✪ 摩擦制御, 光学機能表面